

The Hong Kong Daily Press.

No. 8599 號九十九百五十八第

日四初月六一年一十精光

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, JULY 15TH, 1885.

三甲

號五十月七英華香

[PRICE \$2] PER M^oNTH

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

July 14. DOTS. German steamer, 771, Zembla.
Whampoa 13th July. Ballast.—WEILER & Co.

July 14. SUMATRA British steamer, 1,406 W.
D. G. Worcester, Yokohama 5th July.
Kobe 7th, and Nagasaki 9th, Matsus and
General—P. & O. S. N. Co.

July 14. CITY OF NEW YORK American str.
3,129, San Francisco 13th June, and
Yokohama 7th July, Mails and General—P. M. S. S. Co.

July 14. GALATEY OF LORENE British steamer,
1,380. Pemery, Nagasaki 7th July. Coal.—
RUSSELL & Co.

July 14. LADY HARWOOD British bark, 382,
T. H. Williams, Newchwang 16th June,
Pearl—WEILER & Co.

July 14. GORDON CASTLE British str., 1,319.
Rowell, Foochow 12th July, General—
ADANSON, BELL & Co.

July 14. CHEANG HOOK KIAN British steamer,
955, Fred. Webb, Singapore 8th July,
General—BUN HIN & Co.

July 14. ADAM W. SPICE Amer. bark 1,171, E.
D. Field, Newcastle 30th May. Coal.—
ARNOLD, KARBERG & Co.

July 14. PHIMAOUHTI French corvette M.
Berg, Shanghai 11th July.

July 14. RAVENNA British steamer, 2,035, E.
Stewart, Shanghai 11th July. General—
P. & O. S. N. Co.

CLEARANCES.

AT THE HARBOUR MASTER'S OFFICE.

DEPARTURES.

July 13. SAIDER British str., for Haiphong.
Gorda Cade, British str., for Singapore.
Diamond, British str., for Amoy.
Ingraham, German str., for Saigon.
Archos, British bark for Whampoa.

July 14. NELLY French corvette, for Saigon.

July 14. ARCHOS British bark for Whampoa.

July 14. EMPERAUR British str., for Saigon.

July 14. GERDA German str., for Quinhoo.

July 14. R. M. HAYWARD Amer. bkt., for Cebu.

PASSENGERS.

ARRIVED.

Per Sumatra, str. from Yokohama, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Wilcox, Miss Anderson, Messrs. Butlandaw, Parry, (F. D. Fraser, A. M. D.), Harris, Playfair, Wilford, Lieut. Marix, U.S.N. and son, Ensign Tillman, U.S.N., and 6 Chinese.

Per City of New York, str. from San Francisco, Mr. and Mrs. Wong Soo, General Williams, U.S. Consul, Mrs. and Mr. Withers, Jr., Dr. McCandless, Messrs. Von der Hart, N. Kanamori, F. Brandt, J. E. Haviland, J. C. Fisher and Ah Young, and 47 Chinese.

Per Galley of Lorre, str. from Nagasaki.—
2 Japanese.

Per Lady Harwood, bark from Newchwang.—
Mrs. Williams and 3 children.

Per Adam W. Spice, bark from Newcastle.—
Mrs Field and 2 daughters.

Per C. H. Kian, str. from Singapore.—
3 Chinese.

Per Rawson, str. from Shanghai.—
Per Hongkong—Miss Weston, Mr. C. Cowan, Bushnell, 1 Indian sergeant, and 17 Chinese.

For Singapore, Mr. G. McBrain and native servant. For Colombo—Mr. and Mrs. Watson, 2 children, and infant. For Bombay—
Mrs. Watson's amah.

REPORTS.

The British steamer Cheang H. Kian reports left Singapore on the 6th July, at 2.30 p.m., and had light variable winds with smooth seas throughout the voyage.

The American steamer City of New York left San Francisco on the 13th June, and Yokohama on the 7th July, and had strong S.W. winds with high seas from Kuro Island to Turnabout; July 12th, 8 p.m., exchanged signal signals with P. M. S. S. Co.'s str. City of Rio Janeiro.

The British steamer Sumatra reported from Yokohama to Kobe experienced light variable winds, overcast, rainy weather, and high swell from S.W. Left Kobe on the 7th, at 4 p.m., via Inland Sea, experienced light variable winds and fine clear weather to arrival at Nagasaki, 9th, at 4.50 p.m. Left Nagasaki same date at 4.50 p.m., with high S.W. winds, and high swell, high S.W. sea until 9.00 p.m. from the port; from then light variable winds to arrival.

VESSELS ARRIVED IN EUROPE FROM PORTS IN CHINA, JAPAN, AND MANILA
(Per last Mail's Advice.)

Undine ... Manila May 23
Lydia (s.) ... Yokohama May 23
Orestes (s.) ... Singapore May 25
Glaucus (s.) ... Shanghai May 25

VESSELS EXPORTED AT HONGKONG.
(Continued to Date.)

Adolph ... Hamburg April 1
Geo. F. Mason ... Penang April 1
Nanputuo ... Penang April 18
Lauder ... London April 24
Isaac Reed ... Cardiff April 28
Monarch ... New York April 28
Peps ... Hamburg May 3
Marabout ... L'pool via Cardiff May 13
Haiphong (s.) ... Antwerp May 13
Eve Indus (s.) ... Penang May 14
Pamela (s.) ... Middlesex May 15
Eliza ... L'pool via Cardiff May 25
Grandeur ... Cardiff May 26
Hampshire (s.) ... Liverpool May 26

FOR SALE.
C H A M P A G N E ,
"MONOPOLY,"
AND "MONOPOLY SEC." (DRY).
CARLOWITZ & CO.,
Sole Agents, REIMS.
Hongkong, 1st July, 1885. [1209]

AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

SHERRY ... SACCONES "MANZANILLA"
AND "MANZANILLA SEC." Bottled by
Sir Edward Peacock, London.
CLARET ... "St. Estephe," "CHATEAU
LAGRANGE," "CHATEAU
LAPOSE."
STILL HOCK "STILL ERBECK" 1874.
CHAMPAGNE "YEUVE-LUET" "CAVE D'E."
BURGUNDY ... GUINNESS'S EXTRA P. & Q.
ALE ... MELLO & CO. LTD.
BEER ... MELLO & CO. LTD.
SCALES ... BEER "KRONENZ" 100 lb.
MACHINERY DRILLING, PLANNING, LATHE,
PAINTS, OILS, AND VARNISHES GOOD.
WHISKY ... "ISLAND BREWERY" E. G. SPRAGUE,
LONDON, GLASGOW, BIRMINGHAM, BIRMINGHAM.
EAU DE COLOGNE: Bottled by MACKIE & CO., GLASGOW.
Apply to W. G. HUMPHREYS & CO.,
Bank Buildings, Sole Agents for China.
Hongkong, 2nd July, 1885. [1209]

NOTICES OF FIRMS.

THE Business of the Firm of A. A. DE
MELLO & Co. at Macao, will be con-
tinued as heretofore under the management of
Mr. F. A. DA CRUZ, who is again duly
authorized to sign the Firm per procuracione.

FOR A. A. DE MELLO & CO.
BARONESS DO CERBAL
Administrator of the late Baron do Cerbal's
Estate.

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COM-
PANY: LIMITED.

Is prepared to ACCEPT FIRST-CLASS
RISES at 1/2 net per annum, and other IN-
SURANCES at Current Rates.

AGENTS at all the Treaty Ports of China
and Japan, and at Singapore, Saigon, Penang,
and the Philippines.

JAS. B. COUGHTERIE,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 1st July, 1885. [1214]

INTIMATIONS.

FOR SALE.

A N G L O - B A V A R I A N
EXPORT PALE ALE:

SPARKLING AND LIGHT, a most refreshing

SUMMER DRINK.

FINE CLASS MINDALS.

SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE.

G O L D M E D A L S ,

P A R I S AND VIENNA.

Sele Importers:

L A N E , C R A W F O R D & C O .

Hongkong, 30th May, 1885. [126]

BANKS.

H O N G K O N G & S H A N G H A I B A N K I N G
C O R P O R A T I O N .

PAID-UP CAPITAL £5,750,000.
RESERVE FUND £4,490,000.

RESERVE FOR EQUALIZATION OF £400,000.

DIVIDENDS 1/2 PER CENT.

RESERVE LIABILITY OF PRO- £7,500,000.

RETRAITES.

COULD OF DIRECTORS—
Chairman—Hon. F. D. SASSOON.

Deputy Chairman—A. MOYEN, Esq.

H. I. D'ALYMPLE, Esq.

H. Hopkins, Esq.

M. Grotz, Esq.

C. D. Rottemburg, Esq.

Hon. W. Kieswetter, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER—
Hongkong—THOMAS JACKSON, Esq.

Shanghai—EWEN CAMERON, Esq.

LONDON BANKERS—LONDON & COUNTY BANK.

HONGKONG—INTEREST ALLOWED.

On Current Deposit Account at the rate of
2 percent. on All Deposits on the daily balance.

For 3 months 3 per cent. per annum.

For 6 months 4 per cent. per annum.

For 12 months 5 per cent. per annum.

LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and
every description of Banking and Exchange
business transacted.

DEBTORS granted on London and the chief
commercial cities of Europe, India, Australia,
America, China and Japan.

T. JACKSON, Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 28th February 1885. [16]

NOTICE.

R U L E S O F T H E H O N G K O N G
S A V I N G S B A N K .

1.—The business of the above Bank will be
conducted by the Hongkong and Shanghai
Banking Corporation, on their premises in
Hongkong. Business hours on week days, 10
A.M. to 1 P.M. 10 to 12.30 P.M.

2.—Such sum as \$1, or more than \$250 at
one time will not be received.

3.—Depositors in the Savings Bank having

\$10 or more at their credit may at their option
transfer the same to the Hongkong and Shanghai
Banking Corporation on fixed deposit for
12 months at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum interest.

4.—Interest on receiving for sums not exceeding
\$2,500 will be allowed to Depositors on
their daily balance.

5.—Each Depositor will be supplied gratis
with a Pass-Book, which must be presented with
each payment or withdrawal. Depositors must
not make any entries themselves in their Pass-
Books, but should send them to be written up at
least twice a year, about the beginning of
January and beginning of July.

6.—Correspondence with respect to the business
of the Bank will be conducted by the Hongkong and
Shanghai Banking Corporation, on their premises in
Hongkong.

7.—Withdrawals may be made on demand, but
the personal attendance of the Depositor or
his duly appointed Agent, and the production of
his Pass-Book are necessary.

For the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANK-

T. JACKSON, Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 28th May, 1885. [16]

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NOTICE.

A. S. WATSON AND CO.
FAMILY AND DISPENSING
CHEMISTS,
By Appointment to His Excellency the Governor and His Royal Highness the Duke of EDINBURGH,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS,
PERFUMERS,
PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS,
DRUGGISTS' SUPPLYMEN,
And
OPERATED WATER MAKERS.
SHIPS MEDICINE CHESTS REFITTED,
Passenger Ships Supplied.

NEXT.—To avoid delay in the execution of Orders it is particularly requested that all business communications be addressed to the Firm, A. S. Watson and Co., or HONGKONG DISPENSARY. [2]

NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Communications on editorial matters should be addressed "The Editor," and those on general subjects to "The Manager," and not individually by name.

Correspondents are requested to forward their name and address with communications addressed to the Editor, not for publication, but as evidence of good faith.

All letters for publication should be written on one side of the paper only.

Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until demanded.

Orders for extra copies of the Daily Press should be sent before 11 a.m. on the day of publication. After that hour the supply is limited.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, JULY 15TH, 1885.

The letter of "W. L. Y." which appeared in our columns yesterday, would seem to show that the Chinese do not approve of the policy of forcible suppression of gambling so thoroughly as was supposed. Our correspondent does not commit himself to an advocacy of regulation, but he says that "Surely the Government cannot be so destitute of all other resources in the matter of public gambling suppression that it must periodically offer up proprietary sacrifices of human life on the altar of the gambling laws of the colony." It would have been interesting if he had followed this up with a statement as to what alternative measures the Chinese think the Government could adopt for the effective suppression of gambling. It is easy to find fault with the existing system; it is difficult to point out how it can be improved, if suppression is to be the end aimed at. The Ordinance empowers the police, when armed with a warrant, to enter and if necessary break into any house supposed to be used for the purposes of public gambling. It is the breaking into the houses that results in the accidents which so frequently occur when raids are made. But without this it would be impossible for the police either to make arrests or secure all the evidence necessary for a conviction. When in a previous article we referred to the brutal manner in which gamblers are hunted down, our strictures were directed against the law, not against those whose business it is to execute the law. The police in this matter simply perform their duty, and we are not aware of any case in which a charge of using unnecessary violence has been brought home to them. "W. L. Y." speaks of three men who met their death while trying to escape from the police in a gambling raid as "the unhappy victims of an inhumanly executed law." But it seems to us that the inhumanity must be laid solely to the charge of the law, not of those whose duty it is to carry out the law. It is the law, therefore, that should be altered. We have already expressed our opinion that the substitution of regulation for suppression would be the proper course to adopt. If, however, the Government or public opinion objects to the open recognition of public gambling, then a policy of largely reduced interference might be tried. The order of the Government issued in 1883 was to the effect that action was to be taken against gamblers only where surrounding circumstances or neighbourhood left no doubt as to the character of the house. The police seem to have interpreted this to mean that informers might still be employed to assist in the detection of public gambling, and to have taken the statements of these extremely unreliable men as sufficient to remove all doubt as to the character of particular houses. This is a system which ought undoubtedly to be abandoned. Let houses be proceeded against only on the complaint of respectable persons who are annoyed in some way by the existence of gambling in their neighbourhood, or in cases where the police themselves—that is, the European portion of the force—have observed disorderly conduct. In all other cases, the Governmental order to "let the Chinese gamble in peace" might be observed. The power would still remain with the authorities to break into any house where the interests of law and order rendered it absolutely necessary, while all gambling houses would be nominally illegal, and as such would be destined of any airing of real responsibility that Government recognition might be supposed to give them. That gambling is attended by great evils is of course universally recognised, but those evils are hardly such as to justify the continual raiding of "poor, undisciplined Chinese" into eternity, as "W. L. Y." expresses it.

"W. L. Y." touches on another point in his letter—the treatment of Chinese hawkers by the Sikhs. On previous occasions we have written on this subject, and urged the advisability of impressing upon the Sikhs the importance of refraining from the use of unnecessary violence in their treatment of Chinese. It would almost seem, however, as if "W. L. Y." judged the character of the whole contingent from his observation of a few of its members. He admits there are some good men amongst them, but says the great majority are a savage, cruel lot. We would prefer to reverse the statement and say the majority are good men, but that there are a few who on occasions show some want of self-control. Our correspondent mentions a case in which a Sikh upset the basket of a hawker who was taking shelter under a verandah from a

heavy rain storm, the contents being carried down the side channel by the rush of water. He says—"I am sure the Captain Superintendent of Police cannot be aware of all this or his well known character for justice and benevolent feelings towards the Chinese would at once prompt him to put an immediate stop to it." Why then, it may be asked, does not "W. L. Y." inform Captain DRANE of such cases as come under his own observation? It is only by dealing with individual cases as they arise that the evil complained of can be remedied. If the individual cases are not reported, and those who feel with "W. L. Y." in the matter confine themselves to generalities, nothing can be done. It would appear from his own account that "W. L. Y." had every opportunity of reporting the conduct of the Sikhs of whom he complains. If such a report to the Captain Superintendent resulted only in the Sikhs being cautioned it would have a good effect, as it would show the men that their conduct in the Chinese quarters does not escape observation.

The French steamer *Ternis* went over to the 7th instant, says—"I give you the following as the latest news. The *Ternis* and *Yungkai* left here yesterday morning with 1,600 troops for that place. Those two vessels passed through the barrier at about 4.30 a.m. yesterday. These two vessels are now in the Chinese Government, and have been outside of the mouth of the river since the 1st March. The three Shanghai man-of-war that put in here to fight the French will leave on 13th instant for your port. They will take troops from themselves to garrison, nothing can be done. It would appear from his own account that "W. L. Y." had every opportunity of reporting the conduct of the Sikhs of whom he complains. If such a report to the Captain Superintendent resulted only in the Sikhs being cautioned it would have a good effect, as it would show the men that their conduct in the Chinese quarters does not escape observation.

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that, as on former occasions, a few days must elapse before the result of that communication could be arrived at as to be made known to the House. During the interval, Mr. Gladstone hoped the House would follow its usual custom in restraining from the transaction of ordinary business, and he would move that the House on rising adjourn until Friday at 5 p.m. The motion received the House of Lords adjourned until the same day and hour.

When it became known that the Cabinet had resigned the stock market was strongly affected. Consols declined 3½d; Russians fell 1½d, and other securities fell in sympathy. On all provincial Exchanges the weak feeling in financial circles was marked.

DUNDEE, 10th June.

The Freeman's Journal today comments on the defeat of the Government last night on the Budget. It says—“The defeat is due to the action of the Parlementaires in refusing to uphold a Cabinet from which they receive nothing but broken promises, and from which Ireland could expect nothing but injustice, as was foreseen in the proposed attempt to evade calls upon Ireland in the indemnity provisions of the Crimes Act.” The paper quotes Earl Wolseley, Earl Spencer and his Lieutenants at the Castle to quit Ireland bearing behind them the memory of an administration which was “recklessly noted for its cold-blooded brutality, its frigid and calculating injustice.”

LONDON, 10th June.

The chief difficulty encountered by the Conservatives in their discussions regarding the formation of a Ministry, says the Daily Castle, is the problem of who to give up. Lord Randolph Churchill. He claims to have done much in the work of destroying the Liberal Government, and demands his share of the spoils. It is apparent that the older Tories regard him as troublesome, and somewhat dangerous to have around in the national councils. The *Otto* indicates that a policy will be made to get rid of him, and that he will fall if he fails to go to Ireland, if not to succeed. Earl Spencer as Lord Lieutenant, then as Chief Secretary. The sort of talk which is already being applied to the young man is something like this: “You certainly prefer death to mere ambition, therefore should we accept that difficult and dangerous post? Do you accept it? If you do, then whether you fail or succeed, you will be expected to bear the blame of any failure in your ministry and anti-socialities which are among the greatest gifts possessed by popular statesmen.” Lord Randolph is very susceptible to flattery, and might prove a great Irish Governor.

Lord Salisbury at an informal conference met a number of Conservatives of the House of Commons. He said he would refuse office unless appointed by the Liberal leaders that faction opposed him. The Conservative Ministry, he said, will play to the Conservative, while the Liberal Ministry, if accepted, will play to the Liberal.

THE PRINCE IMPERIAL HAS WRITTEN TO KING.

Colonel Goblet, commanding him to postpone his visit to Empress William until the end of August. The Prince states that, although the Emperor is convalescent, it is desirable that he be spared all exertions.

THE BRUNSWICK SUCCESSION.

A bill has been presented to the British Parliament to meet the demand for urgency, an indication that Prince Bismarck exports a serious opposition to the measure.

TURKISH TROOPS GOING TO THE FRONTIERS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 7th June.

The Turkish Government has sent 1,700 troops to Sciohia on account of the threatening attitude of Russia on the Balkan frontier.

CONTESTING FOR LIBERTY.

LONDON, 10th June.

A committee of the House of Lords today began consideration of the claim of Mrs. Matilda, wife to the Lancashire peer, Viscount Matilda, that she is Peer of the fourth son of the sixth Earl of Lonsdale, her husband and society friend. This Princess, however, is an immense card for her managers, and she never fails to draw crowded houses. She seems to be charmed with the energy and excitement of her new life, and says she plays public games to exhibit her distaste for the conventionalities and prejudices of aristocratic society.

RUSSIAN MILITIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, 10th June.

The police stats the nihilists in this city are seriously divided in opinion as to the best means of continuing their agitation. The majority of the Brethren is believed to favour the abandonment of terrorism and making an effort to effect a revolution by peaceful means.

A NEW RUSSIAN ARMY.

S. Petersburg, 10th June.

The police stats the nihilists in this city are seriously divided in opinion as to the best means of continuing their agitation. The majority of the Brethren is believed to favour the abandonment of terrorism and making an effort to effect a revolution by peaceful means.

A GREAT CATASTROPHE.

PARIS, 11th June.

At Thiers a town in the Department of Drôme, a court trial is in progress for some days. Yesterday, the last day of the trial, the Court House was crowded with men and women anxious to witness the closing scenes. When the processions were in full swing, the judge, Charles Warren Adams, against Lord Colville, was arrested after a verdict was given. The trial was adjourned until April 17th.

GERMANY DOES NOT WANT SILVER.

BERLIN, 11th June.

The Bismarck has refused to entertain petitions urging the adoption of a bimetallic currency. A new one was passed.

A GREAT CATASTROPHE.

PARIS, 11th June.

It is announced to-day that the term of sentence of the slender son of Charles Warren Adams, against Lord Colville, has been arranged as follows: Lord Chief Justice to settle an income of six hundred pounds yearly on his daughter, Miss Mildred, on the condition of her marriage to Mr. Adams, and all legal disputes are to be referred to arbitration.

THE AUSTRALIAN MAIL.

The following telegrams are from Australian papers received yesterday:—

RELIGIOUS PERSECUTION IN THE PACIFIC.

London, 10th June.

M. de Freycinet, the French Minister for Foreign Affairs, is making inquiries into the religious persecution in the Loyalty Islands.

THE GERMAN MAIL SUBSIDY.

LONDON, 10th June.

The German Lloyd's Company of Bremen has secured the mail subsidy offered by the German Government for a line of steamers to Australia and the East.

THE BEETROOT CROP.

LONDON, 10th June.

The estimated crop of European beetroot amounts to 2,250,000 tons.

THE WINE TRADE.

LONDON, 10th June.

The Agent-General of the British Commercial Wine Trade, Mr. Osborne, has presented a petition to the Right Hon. H. C. E. Childers, Chancellor of the Exchequer, requesting him to adhere to his previous proposal to reduce the wine duties, notwithstanding the capture of the negotiations with Spain.

RENEWAL OF NEGOTIATIONS WITH SPAIN.

LONDON, 10th June.

In the House of Commons yesterday, Lord Aberdeen, General Pitt-Rivers, and Sir Edward Fitzalan Under-Secretary of State for War, referred to the recent rupture with Spain, expressed a hope that negotiations with that country would shortly be renewed.

THE GOVERNMENT DEFEAT.

LONDON, 10th June.

On the vote of want of confidence in which the Government were defeated, the Liberal party, with the support of the Radical, Peasant, and his followers, strongly urged the Tories to adopt the Home Rule measure for Ireland, stating that the advocacy of such a step by the Conservatives would completely dislodge the Liberals.

TELEGRAMS FROM ALL THE PRINCIPAL POINTS ALONG THE ROUTE TAKEN BY THE MARSHAL OF SALISBURY TO BALMORAL.

On all that part of the way which lies in Scotland, crowds of people assembled at the railway stations and cheered the “coming man.” At Aberdeen station, where the train stopped, the demonstration was particularly enthusiastic. Here some one called out “Three cheers for Gladstone,” an invitation greeted with groans and hisses.

THE MARSHAL OF SALISBURY HAS CONSENTED TO FORM A MINISTRY.

ST. PETERSBURG, 13th June.

The Official Messenger publishes a list of increased duties on various imports, and upon iron, copper, agricultural implements, etc.

RUSSIAN MANEUVERS.

ST. PETERSBURG, 13th June.

The manoeuvres of the Guards at Balaklava have been issued by the Admiralty, and a general order requiring that all the men-of-war shall be kept fully equipped for actual service.

THE UNITED STATES AND SILVER COINAGE.

WASHINGTON, 6th June.

The Secretary of the Treasury to-day received an indictment against Gilbert Parker, master of the brig *Mary Celeste*, for wrecking her vessel at the end of May. The *Mary Celeste* was captured by the U.S. Revenue Cutter Service, and was condemned as a prize of war.

THE FRENCH CHAMBER AND THE FERRY IMPEACHMENT.

PARIS, 6th June.

The Chamber of Deputies to-day resumed discussion of the report of the Committee of Initiative, raising the question of the motion to impeach the Ferry Ministry. The British Foreign Minister, speaking in present French Government, urged the House to accept the report of the committee.

To reject the report, now on the eve of a general election, would be a useless proceeding. Such action would open a discussion which only results in dividing the Republican party. [Applause.] The motion to impeach the Ferry Ministry was rejected by a vote of 322 to 153.

PARIS, 6th June.

M. Ferry, in a letter to a newspaper, states that he declines to appear in the Chambers during the discussion of impeachment motions. He says that his Tongva policy has been justified by recent events.

INCREASED IMPORT DUTIES IN RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, 6th June.

The Official Messenger publishes a list of increased duties on various imports, and upon iron, copper, agricultural implements, etc.

ENGLISH TURKEY AND THE SOUDAN.

LONDON, 7th June.

Mr. White, the English *ad interim* Minister at Constantinople, is negotiating for the consent

of the Sultan for the establishment of a permanent British garrison at Alexandria. If the Porte accepts the armament of Egypt will be quicksilver. The aim of English policy is to obtain security against a possibility of conspiracy by any other power after the English leave, and to maintain English dominion over Egypt and the Soudan.

DOMINICA, 10th June.

Eleven thousand refugees have arrived here from Khartram and Barbet. El Mabdi is allowing Egyptian prisoners to depart.

LONDON, 10th June.

A sonnet has been caused by the publication of Lord Wolseley's speech. He warns the world against the withdrawal from Dona-gala, the whole province will be given up to the Moors, and will revert from civilization to barbarism. The withdrawal, he says, will not affect Castres. The years of internal trouble in Egypt have been a burden and strain on the English. The *Times* has advisedly avoided the subject of the trials of the Crimes Act.

The Queen has invited Lord Wolseley, Earl Spencer and his Lieutenants at the Castle to quit Ireland bearing behind them the memory of an administration which was “recklessly noted for its cold-blooded brutality, its frigid and calculating injustice.”

BERLIN, 7th June.

The Imperial War Minister is drafting a plan for a large increase in the army based on the results of the financial year ending on the 31st March.

THE PENINSULAR AND IBERIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

ST. PETERSBURG, 10th June.

The Peninsular and Iberian Steam Navigation Company has been formed by the amalgamation of the British and Spanish companies.

THE AMERICAN MAIL.

NEW YORK, 10th June.

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

TUESDAY, 14th July.

INTIMATIONS.

CHINA OVERLAND TRADE REPORT.

COMMERCIAL JOURNAL for CHINA, JAPAN,
KOREA, &c.

Published at the Office of the Hongkong Daily.

Press on the Morning of the Departure
of the English Mail.contains the LATEST AND FULLEST TRADE
INTELLIGENCE.REPORTS OF MEETINGS OF
COMPANIES.

THE LAST TELEGRAMS.

with which is incorporated

THE CHINA DIRECTORY.

(TWENTY-THIRD, ANNUAL ISSUE).

ROYAL OCEANO. pp. 1104. \$5.00.

SMALLER EDITION. pp. 716. \$3.00.

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has been thoroughly revised and brought up

to date, and is again much increased in bulk.

It contains DESCRIPTIVE and STATISTICAL

ACCOUNTS of, and DIRECTORIES for

HONGKONG, &c.

The "Teleo Report" has a large circulation

in Hongkong, the Ports of China and Japan

the Philippines Straits Settlements, &c., &c.

L'INDEPENDANCE BELGE.

9, Rue D'Anspach, Brussels.

JOURNAL POLITIQUE, COMMERCIAL, LITTERA-

IRE, RUE & AGRICULTURE.

UNION DES SOCIETES DE L'EUROPE.

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Subscription with Postage, to China and

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MAP OF SAIGON.

MAP OF TOWN and Environs of SINGAPORE,

with SUPPLEMENTS containing all Tele-

graphic Intelligence.

Subscription for China, Japan, Siam, &c.

Rapeos 10 per annum, in advance. Received at

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ESTABLISHED IN 1852.

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Valparaiso, Japan, New Zealand, the

Australian Colonies, the United States and

Europe. Lists of every newspaper pre-

pared by our Agents, and we can furnish

on land and all information required for

access to their daily business news.

THE "CHINESE DAILY PRESS" is kept on

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rized to do so.

This is the only paper in the

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any other local paper.

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are below Low-Water Ordinary Spring, and should be

subtracted from the corresponding elevations.

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Anglo-Chinese Calendar can be had at 10 Cents

each or \$1 per dozen.

The "Daily Press" Office.

5th January, 1885.

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NOW ON SALE.

IMPERIAL QUARTO.

ENGLISH and CHINESE

DICTIONARY.

WITH THE PUNJI and MANDARIN

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An Anglo-Chinese Dictionary, published at the

Daily Press' Office, Hongkong.

For comprehensive and practical service

the Work stands unrivaled. The new

words which the Chinese have of late years been

introducing into the language, objects in

machinery, photography, telegraphy,

and science generally, which the rapid advances

of foreign relations has imposed upon them, are

fully illustrated and explained, forming exercises

for students of a most instructive nature. Both

the Court and Punji pronunciations are given

the accents being carefully marked on the head

of each word. The Punctuation is of a type

which adapts itself to the Chinese character.

The success of an attempt to make the

Chinese and English type correspond in the size

of body, thereby effecting a vast economy of

space, achieving a clearness not previously

attained and dispensing with those vast margins

and vacant spaces which have heretofore characterized Chinese publications.

To illustrate the wide scope of the work

filling three volumes, the following

Chapters—Vocabulary contains about 16,000

Chinese characters, and Medhurst's English

and Chinese Dictionary about 100,000 words;

this work contains more than 50,000 English

words, and upwards of two thousand large

quadruplices.

A large REDUCTION in PRICE is made

to Purchasers of SIX or more Copies.

LONDON.

THURSDAY, 11th JANUARY, 1885.

METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Previous On date On date

at 4 p.m. at 1 p.m. at 1 p.m.

Atmospheric Pressure Wind.

Temperature.

Humidity.

Direction of wind.

Wind.

Barom.

1. Rainfalls reduced to 15 days' equivalent, &c.

2. Heights of sea-levels taken at the Chinese Navel.

3. Heights of sea-levels taken at the Chinese Navel.

4. Height of sea-levels taken at the Chinese Navel.

5. Height of sea-levels taken at the Chinese Navel.

6. Height of sea-levels taken at the Chinese Navel.

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13. Height of sea-levels taken at the Chinese Navel.

14. Height of sea-levels taken at the Chinese Navel.

15. Height of sea-levels taken at the Chinese Navel.

16. Height of sea-levels taken at the Chinese Navel.

17. Height of sea-levels taken at the Chinese Navel.

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43. Height of sea-levels taken at the Chinese Navel.

44. Height of sea-levels taken at the Chinese Navel.